



FILA INDUSTRIA CHIMICA S.P.A.

Revision nr. 1

Dated 18/11/2021

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First Issue

STONE CEMENT RESIDUE REMOVER

Safety data sheet compliant with regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, and subsequent amendments introduced by Commission Regulation (EU) no. 2020/878

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name **STONE CEMENT RESIDUE REMOVER**

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use **Cement grout residue remover for stone.**

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Uses	-	✓	✓

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name **FILA INDUSTRIA CHIMICA S.P.A.**
Full address **Via Garibaldi, 58**
District and Country **35018 San Martino di Lupari (PD)**
ITALIA
Tel. +39.049.9467300
Fax +39.049.9460753

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet Supplier: **sds@filasolutions.com**
FILA SURFACE CARE PRODUCTS LIMITED
12 Bridewell Place,
Third Floor East,
London
EC4V 6AP

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to **TEL +39.049.9467300 (Monday – Friday; 8.30 - 12.30 and 14.00 - 17.30)**
UNITED KINGDOM: NHS Direct 111 (In England, Scotland North Ireland) 08454647 (Wales)
IRELAND 018092166

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Eye irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.



STONE CEMENT RESIDUE REMOVER

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
EUH208 Contains: 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one
May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P102 Keep out of reach of children.
P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P280 Wear eye protection / face protection.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Contains: Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkyl hydroxy and C14-16- Alchene, sodium salts

Ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004

Less than 5% anionic surfactants
5% or over but less than 15% non-ionic surfactants

perfumes, Limonene

Preservation agents: benzisothiazolinone

2.3. Other hazardsOn the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration \geq 0.1%.**SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients****3.1. Substances**

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONO METHYL ETHER		
CAS 107-98-2	$2 \leq x < 3$	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336
EC 203-539-1		
INDEX 603-064-00-3		
REACH Reg. 01-2119457435-35		
Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated		



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CAS 68131-39-5 EC INDEX - REACH Reg. 01-2119488720-33 Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkyl hydroxy and C14-16- Alkene, sodium salts	2 ≤ x < 3	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 LD50 Oral: 1700 mg/kg
CAS 68439-57-6 EC 270-407-8 INDEX - REACH Reg. 01-2119513401-57 DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER	2 ≤ x < 3	Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Skin Irrit. 2 H315: ≥ 5%, Eye Dam. 1 H318: ≥ 38%, Eye Irrit. 2 H319: ≥ 5%
CAS 34590-94-8 EC 252-104-2 INDEX - REACH Reg. 01-2119450011-60 3,7,-DIMETHYL-2,6-OCTADIENAL	1 ≤ x < 2	Eye Irrit. 2 H319
CAS 5392-40-5 EC 226-394-6 INDEX - REACH Reg. 01-2119462829-23 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	0,01 ≤ x < 0,04	Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1B H317
CAS 2634-33-5 EC 220-120-9 INDEX 613-088-00-6 (1S)2,6,6-TRIMETHYLBICYCLO-2 HEPTENE	0 ≤ x < 0,02	Acute Tox. 4 H302, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1 Skin Sens. 1 H317: ≥ 0,05% LD50 Oral: 454 mg/kg
CAS 7785-26-4 EC 232-077-3 INDEX - REACH Reg. 01-2119979519-16 (1S)6,6-DIMETHYL-2- METHYLENBICYCLOHEPTANE	0 ≤ x < 0,02	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
CAS 127-91-3 EC 204-872-5 INDEX - REACH Reg. 01-2119519230-54 ETHYL ACETATE	0 ≤ x < 0,02	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317, Aquatic Acute 1 H400 M=1, Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 M=1
CAS 141-78-6 EC 205-500-4 INDEX 607-022-00-5 REACH Reg. 01-2118475103-46	0 ≤ x < 0,02	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.



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SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove any contact lenses. Wash with warm water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids well. Consult a doctor if the problem persists.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash with water. If irritation persists, consult a doctor. Wash the contaminated garments before reusing them.

INHALATION: Bring the subject to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, call a doctor immediately.

INGESTION: Consult a doctor. Induce vomiting only upon medical advice. Do not give anything by mouth if the person is unconscious and if not authorized by the doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes serious eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Stop the leak if there is no danger.

Wear appropriate protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to in section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent contamination of the skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications are valid both for workers involved in the work and for emergency interventions.

Remove unequipped persons. Use an explosion-proof device. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) or heat from the area where the leak occurred.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent the product from entering sewers, surface waters, water tables.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

Collect with absorbent substances (sand, diatomaceous earth, binder for acids, universal binder).

For the cleaning

After harvesting, wash the area and the materials involved with water, recovering the water used and, if necessary, sending it to disposal in authorized facilities.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections Personal protection: see section 8 Disposal considerations: see section 13

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat. Avoid leakage of the



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product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

See section 01 for defined uses. There are no particular uses.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory References:

CZE	Česká Republika	Nařízení vlády č. 41/2020 Sb. Nařízení vlády, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb., kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci, ve znění pozdějších předpisů
DEU	Deutschland	Technischen Regeln für Gefahrstoffe (TRGS 900) - Liste der Arbeitsplatzgrenzwerte und Kurzzeitwerte. MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2020, Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe, Mitteilung 56
DNK	Danmark	Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2021
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France. ED 984 - INRS
FIN	Suomi	HTP-VÄRDEN 2020. Koncentrationer som befunnits skadliga. SOCIAL - OCH HÄLSOVÄRDSMINISTERIETS PUBLIKATIONER 2020:25
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α' 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιογόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemičkim na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
NOR	Norge	Forskrift om endring i forskrift om tiltaksverdi og grenseverdi for fysiske og kjemiske faktorer i arbeidsmiljøet samt smittesikogrunder for biologiske faktorer (forskrift om tiltaks- og grenseverdi), 21. august 2018 nr. 1255
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos
POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
SWE	Sverige	Hygieniska gränsvärden, Arbetsmiljöverkets föreskrifter och allmänna råd om hygieniska gränsvärden (AFS 2018:1)
SVK	Slovensko	NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 12. augusta 2020, ktorým sa mení a dopĺňa nariadenie vlády Slovenskej republiky č. 356/2006 Z. z. o ochrane zdravia zamestnancov pred rizikami súvisiacimi s expozíciou karcinogénym a mutagénym faktorom pri práci v znení neskorších predpisov
SVN	Slovenija	Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu (Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 – ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)
TUR	Türkiye	Kimyasal Maddelerin Çalışmalarda Sağlık ve Güvenlik Önlemleri Hakkında Yönetmelik 12.08.2013 / 28733
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU) 2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2021

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONO METHYL ETHER

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	CZE	270	72,09	550	146,85	SKIN



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AGW	DEU	370	100	740	200			
MAK	DEU	370	100	740	200			
TLV	DNK	185	50			SKIN	E	
VLA	ESP	375	100	568	150	SKIN		
VLEP	FRA	188	50	375	100	SKIN		
HTP	FIN	370	100	560	150	SKIN		
TLV	GRC	360	100	1080	300			
AK	HUN	375		568		SKIN		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	375	100	568	150			
VLEP	ITA	375	100	568	150	SKIN		
TLV	NOR	180	50			SKIN		
TGG	NLD	375		563		SKIN		
VLE	PRT	375	100	568	150			
NDS/NDSch	POL	180		360		SKIN		
TLV	ROU	375	100	568	150	SKIN		
NGV/KGV	SWE	190	50	568	150	SKIN		
NPEL	SVK	375	100	568	150	SKIN		
MV	SVN	375	100	568	150	SKIN		
ESD	TUR	375	100	568	150	SKIN		
WEL	GBR	375	100	560	150	SKIN		
OEL	EU	375	100	568	150	SKIN		
TLV-ACGIH		184	50	368	100			
Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC								
Normal value in fresh water				10		mg/l		
Normal value in marine water				1		mg/l		
Normal value for fresh water sediment				52,3		mg/kg/d		
Normal value for marine water sediment				5,2		mg/kg/d		
Normal value for water, intermittent release				100		mg/l		
Normal value of STP microorganisms				100		mg/l		
Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL								
		Effects on consumers			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	3,3 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation			VND	43,9 mg/kg			553,5 mg/m3	369 mg/m3
Skin			VND	18,1 mg/kg bw/d			VND	50,6 mg/kg bw/d
Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkish hydroxy and C14-16- Alchene, sodium salts								
Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC								
Normal value in fresh water				0,024		mg/l		
Normal value in marine water				0,0024		mg/l		
Normal value for fresh water sediment				0,0767		mg/kg		



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Normal value for marine water sediment	0,0767	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,0197	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	4	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	1,21	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	12,95 mg/kg/d				
Inhalation			VND	45,04 mg/m3			VND	152,22 mg/m3
Skin			VND	1295 mg/m3			VND	2158,33 mg/kg/g

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	CZE	270	43,74	550	89,1	SKIN
AGW	DEU	310	50	310	50	
MAK	DEU	310	50	310	50	
TLV	DNK	309	50			SKIN E
VLA	ESP	308	50			SKIN
VLEP	FRA	308	50			SKIN
HTP	FIN	310	50			SKIN
TLV	GRC	600	100	900	150	
AK	HUN	308				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	308	50			SKIN
VLEP	ITA	308	50			SKIN
TLV	NOR	300	50			SKIN
TGG	NLD	300				
VLE	PRT	308	50			SKIN
NDS/NDSch	POL	240		480		SKIN
TLV	ROU	308	50			SKIN
NGV/KGV	SWE	300	50	450 (C)	75 (C)	SKIN
NPEL	SVK	308	50			SKIN
MV	SVN	308	50			SKIN
ESD	TUR	308	50			SKIN
WEL	GBR	308	50			SKIN
OEL	EU	308	50			SKIN

Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC

Normal value in fresh water	19	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	1,9	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	70,2	mg/kg



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Normal value for marine water sediment	7,02	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	190	mg/l
Normal value of STP microorganisms	4168	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	2,74	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral			VND	36 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation			VND	37,2 mg/m3			VND	308 mg/m3
Skin			VND	121 mg/kg bw/d			VND	283 mg/kg/d

3,7,-DIMETHYL-2,6-OCTADIENAL**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h	STEL/15min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
OEL	EU		5		

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one**Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC**

Normal value in fresh water	0,011	mg/l
Normal value in marine water	1,1	mg/l
Normal value for fresh water sediment	0,0499	mg/kg
Normal value for marine water sediment	0,0049	mg/kg
Normal value for water, intermittent release	0,000403	mg/l
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment	3	mg/kg

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation				1,2 mg/m3				6,81 mg/m3
Skin				0,345 mg/kg bw/d				0,966 mg/kg bw/d

(1S)6,6-DIMETHYL-2-METHYLENBICYCLOHEPTANE**Threshold Limit Value**

Type	Country	TWA/8h	STEL/15min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm
OEL	EU		20		

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers			Effects on workers				
	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation								5,98 mg/m3

(1S)2,6,6-TRIMETHYLBICYCLO-2 HEPTENE**Threshold Limit Value**



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Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm			
OEL	EU	20						
Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL								
		Effects on consumers			Effects on workers			
Route of exposure	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Inhalation				5,98 mg/m ³				

ETHYL ACETATE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations		
		mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm			
TLV	CZE	700	191,1	900	245,7			
AGW	DEU	730	200	1460	400			
MAK	DEU	750	200	1500	400			
TLV	DNK	540	150			E		
VLA	ESP	734	200	1468	400			
VLEP	FRA	734	200	1468	400			
HTP	FIN	730	200	1470	400			
TLV	GRC	734	200	1468	400			
AK	HUN	734		1468				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	734	200	1468	400			
TLV	NOR	734	200					
TGG	NLD	734		1468				
VLE	PRT	734	200	1468	400			
NDS/NDSch	POL	734		1468				
NGV/KGV	SWE	550	150	1100	300			
NPEL	SVK	734	200	1468	400			
MV	SVN	734	200	1468	400			
WEL	GBR	734	200	1468	400			
OEL	EU	734	200	1468	400			
TLV-ACGIH		1441	400					

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

**STONE CEMENT RESIDUE REMOVER****HAND PROTECTION**

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following must be considered for the final choice of the work glove material: compatibility, degradation, break time and permeation.

In the case of preparations, the resistance of work gloves to chemical agents must be checked before use as unpredictable. The gloves have a wear time that depends on the duration and the mode of use

Recommended material: Nitrile, minimum 0.38 mm thickness or equivalent protective barrier material with a high level performance for continuous contact conditions, with a minimum permeability time of 480 minutes in accordance with the CEN EN 420 and EN standards 374.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a type AX filter, whose limit of use will be defined by the manufacturer (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	liquid	
Colour	yellow	
Odour	Lemon fragrance	
Odour threshold	not determined	
Melting point / freezing point	< 0 °C	
Initial boiling point	> 100 °C	
Flammability	not applicable	
Lower explosive limit	not applicable	
Upper explosive limit	not applicable	
Flash point	> 60 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	not applicable	
Decomposition temperature	not determined	
pH	10,1	
Kinematic viscosity	not determined	
Solubility	Readily soluble	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not determined	
Vapour pressure	not determined	
Density and/or relative density	1,005 g/l	
Relative vapour density	not determined	
Particle characteristics	not applicable	

**STONE CEMENT RESIDUE REMOVER****9.2. Other information**

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Evaporation rate	not determined
VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU)	4,09 % - 0,04 g/litre
Explosive properties	not explosive
Oxidising properties	not oxidizing

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONO METHYL ETHER

Dissolves various plastic materials. Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

Absorbs and dissolves in water and in organic solvents. With air it may slowly form explosive peroxides.

ETHYL ACETATE

Decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONO METHYL ETHER

May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids.

ETHYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals, hydrides, oleum. May react violently with: fluorine, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulphuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONO METHYL ETHER

Avoid exposure to: air.

ETHYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONO METHYL ETHER

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

ETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: acids, bases, strong oxidants, aluminium, nitrates, chlorosulphuric acid. Incompatible materials: plastic materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information**11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

**STONE CEMENT RESIDUE REMOVER**

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONO METHYL ETHER

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONO METHYL ETHER

The main route of entry is the skin, while the respiratory route is less important, given the low vapor pressure of the product. Above 100 ppm there is irritation of the ocular, nasal and oropharyngeal mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm there is a disturbance in the balance and severe irritation to the eyes. The clinical and biological tests performed on the exposed volunteers did not reveal any anomalies.

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)
ATE (Oral) of the mixture:	>2000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	Not classified (no significant component)

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONO METHYL ETHER

LD50 (Oral):	4016 mg/kg Rat male/female
LD50 (Dermal):	13000 mg/kg Rabbit
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	54,6 mg/l/4h Rat

Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated

LD50 (Oral):	1700 mg/kg ratto maschile femminile
LD50 (Dermal):	> 2000 mg/kg ratto maschile femminile

Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkish hydroxy and C14-16- Alchene, sodium salts

LD50 (Oral):	2079 mk/kg ratto maschile femminile
LD50 (Dermal):	> 13500 mg/kg coniglio
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	> 52 mg/l 4 ore

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

LD50 (Oral):	2410 mg/kg mouse male (fasted)
LD50 (Dermal):	2764 mg/kg rabbit
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	> 29 ppm/1h 2h rat

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

LD50 (Oral):	454 mg/kg rat linee guida 401 per il test OECD
LD50 (Dermal):	> 2000 mg/kg rat linee guida 402 per il test OECD

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

May produce an allergic reaction.

Contains:

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

Respiratory sensitization

Information not available

**STONE CEMENT RESIDUE REMOVER**Skin sensitization

Information not available

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Adverse effects on sexual function and fertility

Information not available

Adverse effects on development of the offspring

Information not available

Effects on or via lactation

Information not available

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Target organs

Information not available

Route of exposure

Information not available

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one

LC50 - for Fish

1,6 mg/l/96h *Oncorhynchus mykiss*

EC50 - for Crustacea

2,9 mg/l/48h *Daphnia Magna* OECD TG 202

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

0,11 mg/l/72h *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* OECD TG 201

Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkyl hydroxy and

C14-16- Alkene, sodium salts

LC50 - for Fish

4,2 mg/l/96h

EC50 - for Crustacea

4,53 mg/l/48h *Daphnia*

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

5,2 mg/l/72h

Chronic NOEC for Fish

6,3 mg/l OECD 211 *Daphnia Magna* Reproduction test



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Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated
EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants 0,092 mg/l/72h alghe 72 h

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL
ETHER
LC50 - for Fish 1300 mg/l/96h *Lepomis macrochirus*
EC50 - for Crustacea > 1919 mg/l/48h *Daphnia magna*
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 969 mg/l/72h *Scenedesmus subspicatus*

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONO METHYL
ETHER
LC50 - for Fish 20800 mg/l/96h *Pimephales promelas*
EC50 - for Crustacea 23300 mg/l/48h *Daphnia magna*
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 500 mg/l/72h *Scenedesmus subspicatus*

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Sulfonic acids, C14-16-alkish hydroxy and
C14-16- Alchene, sodium salts
Rapidly degradable
92% 28d OECD 306

Alcohols, C12-15, ethoxylated
Rapidly degradable

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL
ETHER

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable
85% 28d

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONO METHYL
ETHER

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable
96% 28d

ETHYL ACETATE

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l
Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one
BCF 6,62 *Lepomis macrochirus*

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL
ETHER

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,056

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONO METHYL
ETHER

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water < 1

ETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,68
BCF 30

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available



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SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

not applicable

14.4. Packing group

not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors

not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None



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Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004

Ingredients according to Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004

The surfactant(s) contained in this preparation complies(comply) with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No. 648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been performed for the following contained substances

PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONO METHYL ETHER

DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)

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- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
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 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
 - Handling Chemical Safety
 - INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
 - Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
 - N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
 - IFA GESTIS website
 - ECHA website
 - Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for the user:

The information contained in this sheet is based on the knowledge available to us at the date of the latest version. The user must ensure the suitability and completeness of the information in relation to the specific use of the product.

This document should not be construed as a guarantee of any specific property of the product.

Since the use of the product does not fall under our direct control, it is the user's obligation to observe the laws and regulations in force regarding hygiene and safety under his own responsibility. No responsibility is assumed for improper use.

Provide adequate training to personnel assigned to the use of chemical products.



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This safety data sheet has been prepared by a competent technician who has received suitable training.

METHODS OF CALCULATING THE CLASSIFICATION

Physico-chemical hazards: The classification of the product was derived from the criteria established by the CLP Regulation Annex I Part 2. The methods for assessing the physico-chemical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: The classification of the product is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of CLP Part 3, unless otherwise indicated in section 11.

Environmental hazards: The classification of the product is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of CLP Part 4, unless otherwise indicated in section 12.

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